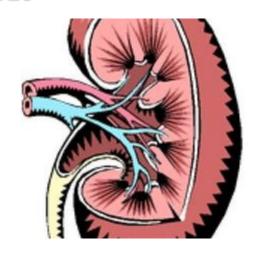
Dr. Sultan Mahmood, Post-Doc, PhD, MSc, DPH on behalf of Pakistab Tibbi Conference, Qarshi Industries, Lahore on 12 September 2011

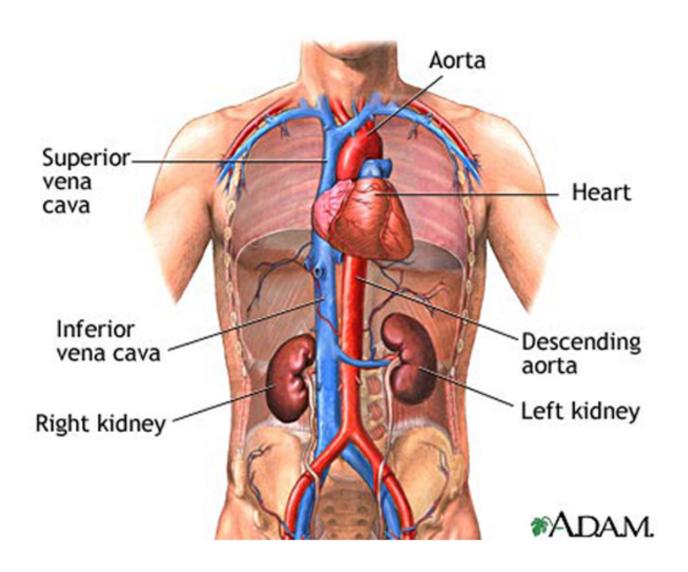
First DietCare Research Center

109-C/I, Nespak Colony, College Road, Lahore Cell: 0321.430.2528



Dietary Approach to Healthy Renal Function

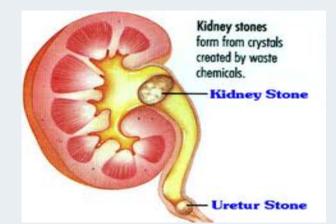
Standard Renal Function



Types of Kidney Diseases

Various Renal Diseases and Disorders

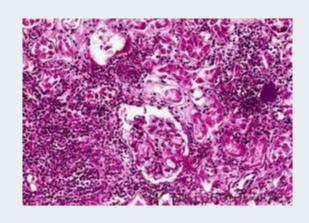




Kidney Tumor



Kidney Infection



Polycystic Kidney



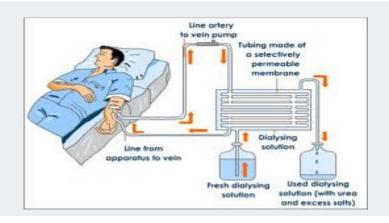
Types of Kidney Diseases

Various Renal Diseases and Disorders

Kidney Cancer



Kidney Dialysis



Kidney Failure



Kidney Operation



Impact of Diabetes on CKD

- Lowering blood glucose reduced risk of:
 - Eye disease by 76%
 - Kidney disease by 50%
 - Nerve disease by 60%



- Patients who saw a kidney doctor less than 4 months before needing dialysis had a 60% higher risk of death than those who seen at least a year earlier
 - Those with diabetes or hypertension were 2 times as likely to die

Diabetes Prevention Program

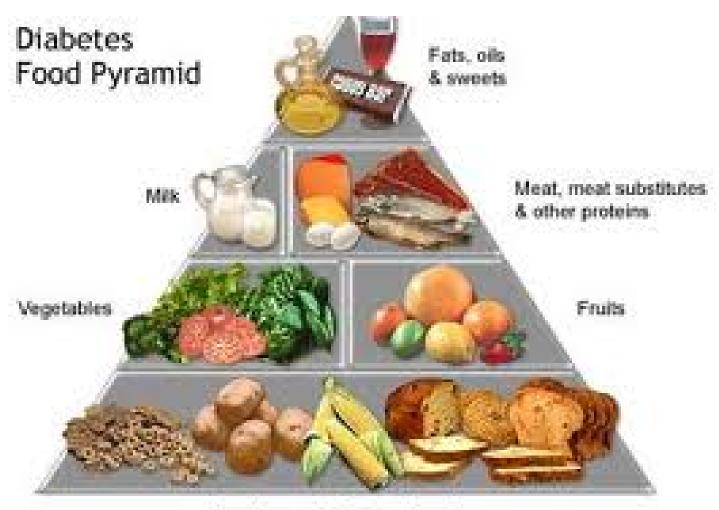
Lifestyle intervention

Healthy low-calorie, low-fat diet 30 minutes of physical activity, 5 days a week 5% to 7% weight reduction

Metformin

Oral diabetes drug

Healthy Renal Diet Plan



Breads, grains & other starches

Renal Friendly Super Foods

Eat Plenty



Renal Friendly Foods

Food	Benefit
Red bell pepper	Low in K; has lycopene
Cabbage	Low in K; has phyto-chemicals
Cauliflower	Good Vitamin C
Garlic	Anti-clotting; Anti-inflammatory
Onion	Quercetin – a powerful antioxidant
Apple	Anti-inflammatory; Anti-cholesterol
Cranberry	Acidic, so anti-bacterial
Blueberry	Anti-oxidant anthocyanidins; Vit C
Raspberry	Ellagic acid, neutralize free radicals
Strawberry	Two anti-oxidants; Vitamin C
Cherry	Reduce inflammation
Red grapes	Resveratrol, boost nitric oxide
Egg white	All essential amino acids
Fish	Anti-inflammatory fats omega-3s
Olive oil	Polyphenols and antioxidant



Recommendations

- Diet, quitting smoking, and exercise
- Eat a well-balanced meal plan
- Increase water intake but reduce Protein,
 Sodium, Cholesterol and Glucose but Quit Smoking.
- Cut back on salt and high sodium foods
- Limit your protein if your doctor tells
- Limit potassium and phosphorus
- Limit supplements and drugs that are hard on kidneys
- Watch out for injected dyes used in X-rays